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ownership held by the individual or entity and compared to the total outstanding shares of stock or other similar unit of ownership. If the limited partnership, corporation or other similar entity has more than one class of stock or other unit of ownership, the percentage share of the limited partnership, corporation or other similar entity owned by an individual or entity shall be determined by the Deputy Administrator on the basis of market quotations. If market quotations are lacking or are too scarce to be recognized, such percentage share shall be determined by the Deputy Administrator on the basis of all relevant factors affecting the fair market value of such stock or other unit of ownership, including the various rights and privileges that are attributed to each such

(c) A citizen of the United States, lawful alien, or entity that is not subject to this part who is in lawful possession, through a lease or otherwise, of a farm owned by an individual or entity who is subject to this part may receive a payment, loan, and benefit without regard to this part.

$\S 1400.502$ Notification.

- (a) Any entity, whether foreign or domestic, that executes a program contract or agreement under which a payment, loan, or benefit may be available must provide written notification to the county committee in the county where the entity conducts its farming operation if:
- (1) Any individual, group of individuals, entity, or group of entities holds more than a 10 percent beneficial interest in such entity; and
- (2) Such individual, group of individuals, entity, or group of entities, in accordance with §1400.501, are ineligible to receive a payment, loan and benefit.
- (b) Such written notification must, if known, include the name and social security number or taxpayer identification number of such individual or entity and of all individuals and entities that hold a beneficial interest.
- (c) The failure of the entity to provide this information will result in the ineligibility of the entity to receive any payment, loan, or benefit.

Subpart G—Average Adjusted Gross Income Limitation

§1400.600 Applicability.

- (a) For the 2003 through 2007 crop years, program years, or fiscal years, an individual or entity is not eligible for any payment or benefit identified in §1400.1 as being subject to this part if the individual's or entity's average adjusted gross income exceeds \$2.5 million for the three tax years immediately preceding the applicable crop, program or fiscal year. Payments may also be reduced under the commensurate share rules set out in §1400.603.
- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this section, the individual or entity may be considered to meet the requirements of this subpart if not less than 75 percent of the individual's or entity's average adjusted gross income for the three tax years immediately preceding the applicable crop, program or fiscal year, is derived from farming, ranching, or forestry operations.
- (c) In addition to payments or benefits identified under §1400.1, this subpart applies to benefits provided to participants under contracts or agreements entered into for the 2003 through 2007 crop, program or fiscal years for the following programs:
- (1) The program authorized by part 1466 of this chapter or its successor regulations:
- (2) The program authorized by part 1467 of this chapter or its successor regulations:
- (3) The program authorized by part 636 of this chapter or its successor regulations;
- (4) Any other program authorized by Title XII of the 1985 Act, as amended, or Title II of the 2002 Act.
- (5) Any other program to which this subpart is made applicable by statute or regulation.
- (d) Determinations made under this subpart with regard to the programs described in paragraphs (c)(1) through (c)(5) of this section will be based on the year for which the contract or agreement is approved and that determination will apply for the entire term of the subject agreement or contract.
- (e) Vendors that receive payment for technical services or assistance provided in conjunction with programs

under Title II of the 2002 Act and Title XII of the 1985 Act, but who are not beneficiaries of the program, are not subject to this subpart for services that are of the type that are also performed by the Federal Government in connection with such programs.

- (f) Payments to an escrow agent or other of similar capacity in which the recipient is maintaining temporary custody of the funds for eventual disbursement to an eligible program participant are not subject to this subpart so long as the party ultimately receiving the payment is eligible under this subpart.
- (g) Payments to States, counties, political subdivisions and agencies thereof, and Indian tribes are not subject to this subpart.

[68 FR 33346, June 4, 2003]

§ 1400.601 Determination of average adjusted gross income.

- (a) For purposes of this subpart, *income from farming, ranching or forestry operations* means income of an individual or entity derived from:
- (1) Producing crops, livestock or unfinished raw forestry products;
- (2) Selling (including the sale of easements and development rights) their own farm, ranch or forestry land or water rights;
- (3) Selling, but not as a dealer, equipment purchased to conduct farm, ranch or forestry operations when the equipment is otherwise subject to depreciation expense on the IRS Form 4835 or Schedule F;
- (4) Renting land used for farming, ranching or forestry operations; and
- (5) Payments made under any program authorized under chapters VI, VII or XIV of this title.
- (b) For purposes of this subpart, except as otherwise provided in this subpart, *adjusted gross income* means:
- (1) For an individual filing a separate tax return, the amount reported as "adjusted gross income" on the final federal income tax return for the individual for the applicable tax year;
- (2) For an individual filing a joint tax return, the amount reported as "adjusted gross income" on the final federal income tax return for the applicable tax year unless a certified statement is provided by a certified public

accountant or attorney specifying the manner in which such income would have been declared and reported if the individuals had filed two separate returns and that this calculation is consistent with the information actually supporting the filed joint return;

- (3) For a corporation, including a subchapter S corporation, the total reported "taxable income" as reported to the Internal Revenue Service plus the amount of the charitable contributions as reported on the final federal income tax return for the applicable tax year;
- (4) For a tax exempt entity, the "unrelated business taxable income" of the entity as reported to the Internal Revenue Service on the final federal income tax return, less any other income CCC determines to be from non-commercial activities;
- (5) For a limited liability company, limited partnership, limited liability partnership or similar type of organization, the income from trade or business activities plus the amount of guaranteed payments to the members as reported to the Internal Revenue Service on the final federal income tax return for the applicable tax year; and
- (6) For an estate or trust, the adjusted total income plus charitable deductions as reported to the Internal Revenue Service on the final federal income tax return for the applicable tax year, or the amount of net increase in the estate's or trust's value resulting from its business or investment interests.
- (c) For purposes of applying this subpart and calculating the three-year average referenced in §1400.600, that average shall be for the adjusted gross income for the three tax years immediately preceding the applicable crop, program or fiscal year, as determined by CCC. For an entity that is not required to file a federal income tax return, or an individual or entity that did not have taxable income in one or more tax years, the average shall be the adjusted gross income, including losses, averaged for the three tax years immediately preceding the applicable crop, program or fiscal year, as determined by CCC. However, a new entity will have its adjusted gross income averaged only for those years of the